Hydro Simulations: How We Can Model Fluids to Understand Astronomy. UMD Observatory Open House

John C. Vernaleo

Department of Astronomy University of Maryland College Park http://www.astro.umd.edu/~vernaleo/

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Science is usually based on experiments.

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- ▶ Start with a hypothesis.
- ► Test it.
- Revise.
- Repeat.

Astronomy is not (exactly) an experimental science.

But that doesn't work for Astronomy. What we study is usually too big and too far away to do experiments.

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But there are some exceptions...



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Including recent ones.



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Types of Astronomers:

- Observers
- Theorists

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Numerical Experiments:

NBodyHydrodynamics

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Two bodies in orbit.

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Many (N) Bodies.

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Hydrodynamics

- How can the motion of fluids be useful for Astronomy?
- Most of the universe is actually either in the gas or plasma phase.
- Solids like us are a bit of a minority.
- Conveniently, gas and plasma behave a whole lot like fluids.

Jets

Radio Galaxy 3C219 Radio/optical Superposition



Copyright (c) NRAO/AUI 1999

More Jets



VLA 20cm image (c) NRAO/AUI 2000

Even More Jets...



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About Jets:

- ► Can travel near the speed of light.
- Powered by accretion onto supermassive black holes at the center of galaxies.
- Exact method of launching not totally understood.
- Probably made of very hot plasma and well modeled as a fluid (hitting a fluid background).
- ▶ Some more on jets later.

But first a little bit about how hydrodynamics works.

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Different ways to do hydro.

In the most common method, we solve equations on a grid to see what a fluid behaves.

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Grids



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Grids



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Public Hydro Code



- Modified and updated version of FORTRAN 77 NCSA release.
- ZEUS-MP v1.5.13
- http://www.astro.umd.edu/~vernaleo/zeusmp.html

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What can we learn with simulations?

We can try to understand real objects in the sky.

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- ▶ We can study some specific physical process.
- Or some combination of the two.

Hubble image of ring around SN 1987a.



Modeling a blast.



Can we compare?





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Fluid effects we can see:

- Waves
- Clouds
- Mushroom clouds
- ► Fire
- ► And more...

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Heavy fluid on top of light one.



Black and Tan

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Kelvin-Helmholtz Instability

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Fluids with Shear

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Now in 3D!

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And finally an example from what I actually do.

I work on Galaxy Clusters with my advisor, Dr. Chris Reynolds.

- Largest bound structures in the Universe.
- Important for understanding structure formation, dark matter, and more.
- Mostly made up of hot, diffuse gas.
- Still some unanswered questions.
- ► The Cooling Flow Problem.

Perseus A



Fabian et al. 2005

Single Jet Burst in Galaxy Cluster (but it doesn't exactly balance the cooling).

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